

Capacity and Capacitance:

1. Liquid Capacitance

$$Q = A \frac{dH}{dt}$$

$$AdH = Qdt = dv$$

$$A = \frac{v}{H}, \text{ capacity} = \frac{\text{capacity}}{\text{hieght}}$$

$$C_E \frac{dv(t)}{dt} = I(t), \quad C_E dv = Idt = dq, \quad C_E = \frac{q}{v}$$

Discharge of Capacitance through resistance :

Mass flow rate in – mass flow out = rate of accumulation

$$0 - \rho \frac{H'(t)}{R} = \rho A \frac{dH'(t)}{dt} \quad (1)$$

$$RA \frac{dH'(t)}{dt} + H'(t) = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\tau \frac{dH'(t)}{dt} + H'(t) = 0$$

Laplace transform of unsteady state

$$\tau s H'(s) - \tau H^0 + H'(s) = 0$$

$$H(s) = \frac{H^0}{s + \frac{1}{\tau}}$$

$$H'(t) = H^0 e^{-t/\tau}$$

$$t=0 \quad H(t) = H^0 \text{ initial level}$$

$$t \rightarrow 0 \quad H(t) = 0 \quad \text{empty at } t=t_D$$

Discharge of Capacitance through the positive displacement pump

$t < 0$: the pump is turn off $t=0$

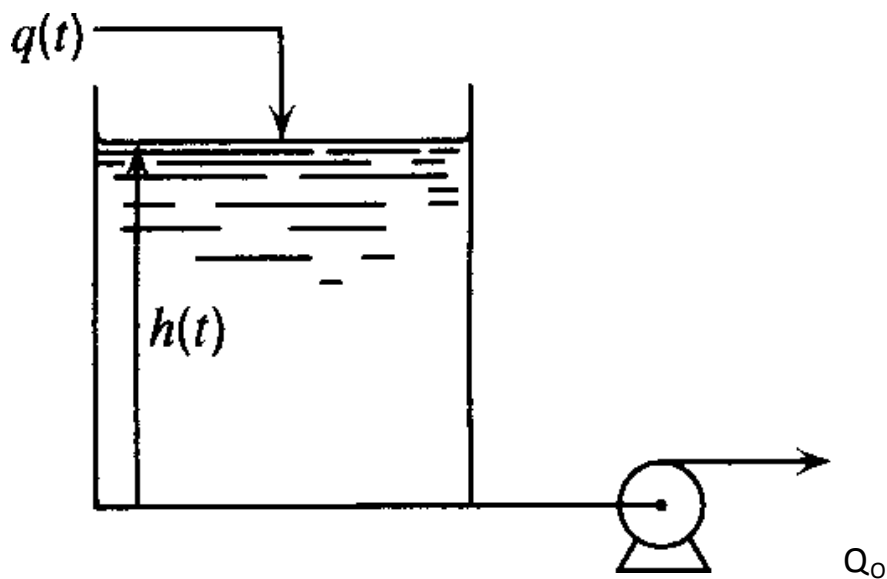


Fig.17 Discharge of Capacitance through the positive displacement pump

unsteady state mass balance:

$$0 - \rho Q = \rho A \frac{dH(t)}{dt}$$

$$A \frac{dH(t)}{dt} = -Q$$

$$AsH'(s) - AH^o = \frac{-Q}{s}$$

$$AH'(s) = H^o - \frac{Q}{As}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{H^o}{s} - \frac{Q}{A} \frac{1}{s^2}$$

$$H(t) = H^o - \frac{Q}{A} t$$

$$t=0 \quad H(t) = H^o$$

$$t=t_D \text{ empty } H(t) = 0$$

$$0 = H^o - \frac{Q^o}{A} t_D$$

$$t_D = \frac{AH^o}{Q^o}$$

Thermal Capacitance (energy storage):

Steady state heat balance:

$$q^o - 0 = MC_p \frac{d\theta^o}{dt} = 0 \quad (1)$$

Unsteady state heat balance

$$q'(t) - 0 = MC_p \frac{d\theta'(t)}{dt} = 0 \quad (2)$$

Subtract eq.(1) from(2)

$$q(t) - 0 = MC_p \frac{d\theta(t)}{dt}$$

$$q(t) = MC_p \frac{d\theta(t)}{dt}$$

Laplace

transform:

$$q(s) = MC_p s \theta(s) \rightarrow G(s) = \frac{\theta(s)}{q(s)} = \frac{1}{MC_p s}$$

$C = MC_p$ thermal capacitance

$$\theta(t) = \mathcal{F}^{-1} \frac{q}{s} \cdot \frac{1}{MC_p s} = \frac{q}{MC_p} t$$