#### **ENGLISH LANGUAGE**

**SEMESTER 2: 2023-2024** 



#### CHAPTER 9

#### Instructor

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Text book: Headway Academic Skills: Reading, Writing, and Study Skills,

Level 2. By: Sarah Philpot, Series Editors: John and Liz Soars

# READING

#### LINKING IDEAS

Sequencing words are used to **link steps** in a description of a process. Some examples are:

- Firstly, .... Secondly, etc.
- Then .... Next, .... After that, .... Subsequently, ... etc.
- Finally/ Lastly, ....

#### **COMPOUND NOUNS**

A compound noun can be formed by putting two nouns together. Sometimes these are written:

- ✓as two words, e.g., radio waves
- ✓ as one word, e.g., microwave
- ✓ with a hyphen, e.g., data-processing.

### **COMPOUND ADJECTIVES**

- A compound adjective can be made with:
- ✓a noun + adjective. e.g., computer literate
- ✓an adjective + present/past participle. e.g., easy-going
- ✓an adverb + present/past participle. e.g., well-known
- ✓ an adjective + noun, e.g. blue-eyed

#### **Examples:**

long-term poorly-written

well-written small-scale

highly-qualified high-speed

## WRITING

### THE PASSIVE VOICE

When describing a process or a scientific experiment, it is important to write in a neutral style, as an observer. To do this, you can use the passive voice.

The Present Simple Passive is often used in descriptions of processes:

(is/ are + past participle)

An optimization technique <u>is used</u> to determine the best parameters of the studied models.

The Past Simple Passive is often used to talk about experimental work, inventions, and discoveries:

(was/ were + past participle)

Deionized water was obtained from Samarra Company.

## CLARIFYING A SEQUENCE

To describe a process clearly:

- into steps.
- make notes on each step.
- right expand your notes into full sentences using the passive form.
- mark each step by using sequencing words.

